INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT

SAMPLE PAPER-5 SOLVED

ENTREPRENEURSHIP (066)

1	What is required to convert an idea into an opportunity?	1
	A strategic positioning which involves knowledge,skill,competencies and creative	
	thinking.	
2	Mr. Hemant is involved in production and sale of 'Masala Mix Powder' within his own	1
	state. Now he wants to expand his business by introducing his product in the neighboring	
	states also. Name the necessary tax registration required for this interstate transfer of	
	goods.	
	Central Sales Tax registration (CST)	
3	What do financial intermediaries mean?	1
	The role of transferring financial resources from surplus units to the deficit units.	
4	Define goal setting.	1
	Establishing short term and long term objectives, usually incorporating deadlines and	
	quantifiable measures.	
5	How is vertical 'merger different from horizontal merger'?	1
	Vertical merger is merger between two firms producing different goods and services for	
	one specific finished good. Horizontal merger is merger between companies in the same	
	industry.	
6	Name the factors involved in sensing opportunities.	2
	Ability to perceive and preserve basic ideas which could be used commercially	

	Ability to harness different sources of information	
	Vision and creativity.	
7	State any four situations in which sole proprietorship is suitable.	2
	When capital required in limited	
	When Confidentiality is important	
	Market is local	
	Goods are artistic in nature	
	Quick decision making is needed	
	Size of the venture is small	
8	Aldi product Ltd. has encouraged the consumers through its Aldi's Face Book and	2
	Twitter pages. These social media pages provided a platform through which Aldi can	
	interact with consumers. It accesses their opinion about their bands and created Aldi	
	advocates who recommend Aldi to others. Explain which method of promotion strategy	
	Aldi Product Company has used in this case.	
	Above The Line promotion strategy. Large audience-Print, online etc.	
9	How does franchising help start-ups?	2
	Product already carries a name in the market-Franchisor makes franchisee fully	
	conversant with product or service-start ups can grow fast because normally buyers	
	straight walk up to them-Both are all out open to help each other.	
10	An electronic shop sells 6000 water heaters per year. The demand is uniform throughout	2
	the year. Purchase cost per water heater is Rs120. Holding cost per annum is 20% of	
	purchase cost. Ordering cost is Rs.500 per order. Calculate 'Economic Order Quantity'.	

	$EOQ = \sqrt{2PD/C}$	
	$=\sqrt{2} \times 500 \times 600/24 =$	
11	Mr. Bhargav wanted to manufacture an innovative, energy efficient fan. He was looking	3
	into various options and finally narrowed down into one option. He understands that the	
	entire idea would have to follow a process. Identify and explain the process.	
	Process of examination-evaluation-analysis-synthesis to identify viable opportunities.	
12	Mr. Salman has decided to start a small leather belt manufacturing unit. He is not aware	3
	about the various formalities involved in this process of setting up of a production unit.	
	Explain to him the procedure.	
	Salman can start a soleproprietorship. It needs some industry specific licenses such as	
	Business name-Service tax regisdtration-VAT/CST registration- Pancard no. bank	
	account numberetc-State and Federal tax requirements.	
13	Sony is failing to understand the changing trends in the mobile phones. The company is	3
	unable to understand and adapt the relevant environment of business and therefore losing	
	its market share. What are the benefits of understand the business environment?	
	To get first mover advantage	
	Formulation of strategies and policies	
	Tapping useful resources	
	Better performance	
	Sensitization of entrepreneurs to cope up rapid changes.	
	Image building.	
14	What are the major rules involved in goal setting?	3

	Business goals need to be relevant-need to be actionable-need to be achievable (with	
	expln.)	
15	Arvind is a small dairy farmer and involved mainly in the distribution of milk to the	3
	household in the locality of his village. He is thinking about value addition in his	
	business and seeks your advice. Advise him what value addition is, and the different	
	ways in which he can add value in his product.	
	Adding value to goods and services by modifying them in a particular way to create new	
	product of greater value to customers.	
	Quality added value-environmental added value-cause-related added value-cultural	
	added value etc.	
16	How are the following calculated?	3
	a. Unit price per customer = Total Billed amount/Number of customers	
	b. Unit cost per product = Total Sales / Number of units sold	
	c. Gross profit = Selling price per unit – cost price per unit.	
17	Why is cash flow projection necessary for a firm?	3
	To manage its affairs in an efficient manner-to pay its suppliers as per agreed terms-to	
	pay the employees their wages on stipulated dates- to pay government levies-to procure	
	services and pay for them-to collect the due in timely manner- to avoid the lag between	
	spending on raw materials and receiving sales revenue – to meet the requirements of	
	expanding business.	
18	Why is private company more desirable compared to a public company?	4
	Only two members are required to form a private company	
		<u> </u>

Only two directors are required to constitute quorum to validate the proceedings Company can file a statement in lieu of prospectus with registrar of the company Commence its business immediately after registration A non member cannot scrutinize the copies of Profit and Loss account No limit on payment of managerial remuneration No restrictions on appointment or reappointment odf managing director Maintaining of index of members is not required Directors need not have qualification shares 'Almonds Footwear Ltd.' has introduced a range of new products in to the market. The 4 company has to decide about the possible channels of distribution. What are the possible channels of distribution available to the firm? Which one would you suggest and why? Producer customer-Producer retailer customer-Producer wholesaler retailer customer-Producer agent wholesaler retailer customer. (Explain any one) 20 'Goli Vada Pav' was a humble street-food seller started in 2004. It was a quick serve 4 food concept with authentic Indian touch. The promoters realized a huge scope of business in taping adult and lower income customers. The product is pocket friendly and prepared and served in extremely hygienic condition. The success of the business prompted them for selling their product through retail outlet. It has successfully branded the traditional street food and offers wide assortment of items to varied taste buds and preferences of the customers. The company is now thinking to strengthen and expand its business in India through Franchising. What are the different franchising opportunities available to Goli Vada Pav? Explain.

	Product franchise business opportunity-manufacturing franchise opportunity-Business	
	franchise opportunity venture-Business format franchise opportunity. With brief	
	explanation.	
21	What does break even quantity mean? Calculate breakeven quantity of the firm which	4
	produces three products A, B and C from the following information. Consider Fixed	
	Cost as Rs.40,000/-	
	PRODUCT A B C	
	Sales price per unit 10 20 30	
	Variable cost per unit 5 15 20	
	Sales Mix Percentage 20% 30% 50%	
	Contribution margin per unit 10-5=5 20-15=5 30-20=10	
	Weighted average	
	contribution margin $5x20/100=1$ $5x30/100=1.5$ $10x50/100=5$	
	Sum of weighted average	
	Contribution margin 1+1.5+5=7.5	
	Break even point in units of sales mix= Fixed cost / contribution margin=	
	40000/7.5=5333 units	
	Breakeven point of A $5333x20/100 = 1066$	
	B $5333x30/100 = 1600$	
	C $5333 \times 50/100 = 2667$	
	Total = 5333	
22	What do you mean by trend spotting? Explain the different ways in which an	6

	entrepreneur spots trends.	
	Means identification of trends of market.	
	Read trends-Talk trends- Watch trends- Think trends. (Explain each.)	
23	Explain the major items or components that must be included in a financial plan.	6
	1. Proforma of investment schemes- How enterprise fund are invested in different	
	assets for maximum return. Investment on land, building, machinery,	
	instellation,working cpital research etc	
	2. Proforma of financing decisions- cost of capital, ROI, profitability, owners fund,	
	borrowed fund etc	
	3. Proforma income statement-market research, Industry sales, surveys of buyers	
	intension, expert opinions, and financial data on startups. Experience of others	
	etc	
	Proforma cash flow-Projected available cash,projected cash disbursement	
	Proforma balance sheet-Summery of assets and liability	
	Break-even analysis-minimum of output to be produced, level of volume of production	
	at which firm makes no profit or no loss. TC=TR	
	Economic and social variable- the cost of controlling environmental damage,	
	employment generation, import substitution, local resource utilization, development of	
	areas etc	
24	An entrepreneur decided to raise required capital from the primary market. Explain the	6
	different methods through which he can raise the needed capital.	
	Primary market facilitates transfer of resources from savers to the entrepreneurs. It is	
1		1

also called new issue market.	
Public issue, Right issue, Private placement, Offers to employees.	1
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